Measuring Bores with NOVACAM™ BOREINSPECT™ 3D Metrology System

**Keywords:** 3D non-contact optical inspection, NDT, 3D mapping of bore holes, shafts, cylinders, chambers, valve bores, inner cavities, GD&T, ID characterization, surface topography, cylindricity, porosity, splines, surface and dimensional defects, roughness, film thickness, geometric tolerances of internal features, dimensional deviations, lobing, scrolling, CMM, CNC, internal diameter (ID)

**Introduction**
Measuring bore inner diameters (IDs) is a challenging task in many high-precision manufacturing industries. Engineers in the automotive, aerospace, and other precision sectors must ensure that IDs of bore holes in their domains adhere to strict specifications. Such specifications typically relate to:

- dimensions (GD&T)
- straightness, cylindricity, conicity, ovality, taper, distortion, and runout
- inner features such as steps, threads, cavities, chambers, and cross-holes
- roughness characteristics
- defect characterization.

Even today, some manufacturers resort to cutting open selected machined parts in a lab to inspect bore IDs under large microscope-like systems or making high-precision replica casts of bore interiors to inspect IDs indirectly. For many, this may no longer be optimal.

NOVACAM BOREINSPECT system greatly facilitates and speeds up the task of high-precision bore inspection. This modular non-contact inspection system features a rotational scanner (Figure 1) that easily enters bores to measure their inner 3D topography directly and down to the micron. The surface acquisition and subsequent 3D characterization, defect detection, or roughness analysis are easily automated and carried out right on the plant floor, bringing high-precision component manufacturers significant savings.

**Micron-Precision 3D ID Data**
Based on low-coherence interferometry, the BOREINSPECT system scans with a rotational scanning probe that directs a beam of light at the surface and collects the reflected signal. The system thereby obtains high-precision 3D topography of the surface (Figure 2) in a point-by-point manner, at a rate of up to 100,000 3D point measurements per second.

**Figure 1:** The rotating optical probe of the BOREINSPECT system scans a valve-body bore ID as it moves into the bore

**Figure 2:** The acquired 3D map of a bore ID in the above valve body reveals a defect next to the bore opening.
Automated bore inspection is supported by system capabilities such as datum alignment, automated pass/fail reporting, and exportable reports. The ID data may be evaluated with respect to user-defined criteria (GD&T, inner feature specifications, defects, or roughness), or compared to a reference CAD model. For manual inspection, accompanying metrology software on a PC (e.g., PolyWorks Inspector™) enables full viewing and analysis of the acquired point cloud as a 3D interactive map (Figure 2). Views such as deviation maps (Figure 3) often provide key insight into bore machining processes.

The ID surface can additionally be captured as a height or intensity image (Figure 4) or saved in other common CAD formats. When applicable, coating or film thickness data may also be extracted from the same scan.

**Easy Automation of Bore Scanning Sequences**

Defining scanning sequences is quick and easy with the use of a joystick and with optional setting of parameters in the BOREINSPECT data acquisition software. Each scanning sequence may be saved for later recall and execution.

For additional value, a scanning sequence can comprise multiple bores (Figure 5).

**Figure 3**: Deviation map (viewed with PolyWorks Inspector™) highlights a bore ID surface defect – a 19.7 µm deep pit.

**Figure 4**: Height image (top) and intensity image (bottom) of the unfolded bore interior.

**Figure 5**: Four bores in a valve body were scanned and analyzed in one inspection sequence. The results include dimensional measurements and pass/fail reporting for each bore, as well as the bore pitch (bore spacing), and exact positioning of each bore on the valve body.
**Bore Interior Features Revealed**

Bore ID features such as undercuts, threads, grooves, O-rings, cavities, chambers, and EDM cross-holes can all be measured and assessed, to the micron, for geometric tolerances. Figure 6 shows BOREINSPECT system scan results for a bore featuring inner threads.

**Figure 6:** 3D map and thread measurements for the inner thread of a turbocharger impeller. The high-precision measurements were calculated from 307,000 3D points acquired in ~4 seconds.

<table>
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<th>Feature Properties</th>
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<th>Fitting Statistics</th>
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<td>Number of points</td>
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<td>Maximum negative</td>
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<td>Maximum positive</td>
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<td>Standard deviation</td>
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**Bore Metrology on the Plant Floor**

Thanks to its fiber-based and modular design, the BOREINSPECT system performs in a range of settings, including in high-throughput industrial metrology applications. The scanner is mounted on a stage suitable for the application, such as a robot arm, gantry, or motor-controlled stages. It is connected to the system’s interferometer with an optical fiber that can be hundreds of meters long.

The scanner can be configured to function even in harsh environments (radioactive, very hot, and cryogenic).

**Planes, Trains and Automobiles … and Precision Machining**

Thanks to its high scanning rate, micron vertical resolution, and excellent measurement repeatability, the BOREINSPECT system supports lab, shop, and integrated inline metrology applications across many industries (see table below).

The system performs in automated production lines at several Tier 1 and Tier 2 automotive and aerospace manufacturers.

**Aerospace**
- GD&T inspection of valves, cylinders, manifolds, hydraulic actuators and other components featuring bores
- Dimensional and defect inspection of drilled rivet holes and chamfers at aircraft fuselage assembly

**Automotive**
- GD&T inspection of gas, diesel, and propane engine components: valve bodies, valve seats, cylinder heads, camshafts, crankshafts, combustion chambers, fastener holes and chamfers and more

**High-precision machining**
- Defence
- Industrial
- Medical equipment
- Nuclear
- Oil and gas
- Power generation
- Transportation (aerospace, automotive, train, marine)
Bore Parameters

Standard system configurations cover:

- bores as deep as 250 mm (10”)
- bore diameters between 2 and 131 mm (0.08” and 5.2”).

For smaller, larger, or deeper bores, custom probes are constructed upon request. For optimal performance, BOREINSPECT system components are selected in consultation with our application specialists.

Conclusion

With the BOREINSPECT system, bore metrology is fast, precise, automatable, flexible, and easy to interpret. Components as diverse as turbines, actuator housing cylinders, safety valves, and deep bores (from deep hole drilling, gun drilling, or vibration assisted drilling) may be inspected for adherence to strict bore ID specifications.

Novacam encourages technicians and engineers in charge of bore inspection to contact us to discuss your applications and any particular metrology challenges.

BOREINSPECT™ system components

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Physical aspect</th>
<th>Deployment area</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MICROCAM™-3D or -4D interferometer</td>
<td>19” rack-mountable instrument</td>
<td>lab / shop / plant floor / control room</td>
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<tr>
<td>Computer workstation</td>
<td>mini desktop-size PC or laptop</td>
<td>lab / shop / plant floor / control room</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rotational scanner (RS1, RS2, or RS4)</td>
<td>- probe-rotating and advancing unit and - a non-contact side-looking probe selected to match the application</td>
<td>inspection station in lab / shop or on the plant floor as: - end-effector in robot inspection systems - 3D inspection instrument on automated production lines</td>
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- Rotation speed is up to 30 rotations per second. With 100,000 measurements taken every second, you will obtain up to 3,300 3D measurements per rotation

- Technical specifications for the BOREINSPECT system and the MICROCAM-3D/4D interferometer are available upon request

An Invitation – Watch BOREINSPECT System in Action

Watch the “Valve body bore measurement” video at https://www.novacam.com/resources/novacam-metrology-videos/valve-body-bore-id-measurement-video/

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